

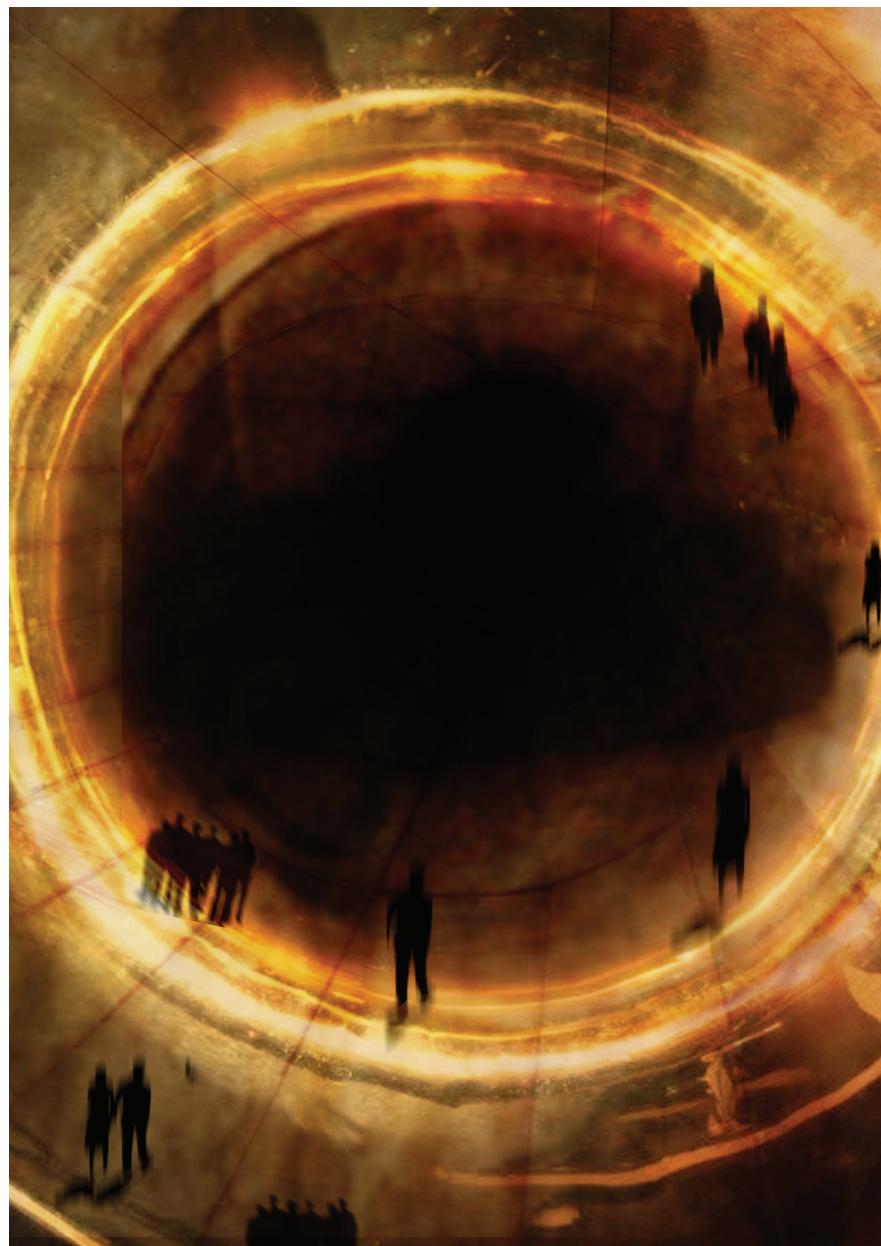
Garon by Yuval Avital

Mass sonic composition Dedicated to Anish Kapoor

for 2 tuba consorts (20-40 elements), 5 contrabass tuba soloists,
2 percussions sections (3 each), choir & live electronics .

Premiere :

26/01/2012 | Closing concert *Dirty corner* by Anish Kapoor |
La Fabbrica del Vapore | Milan | Italy |



Orchestration specifics :

- 5 Contrabass tuba soloists
- 4 Euphonium
- 4 Bass tuba (opt. doubled)
- 12 Contrabass tuba (opt. doubled)
- 6 percussions players

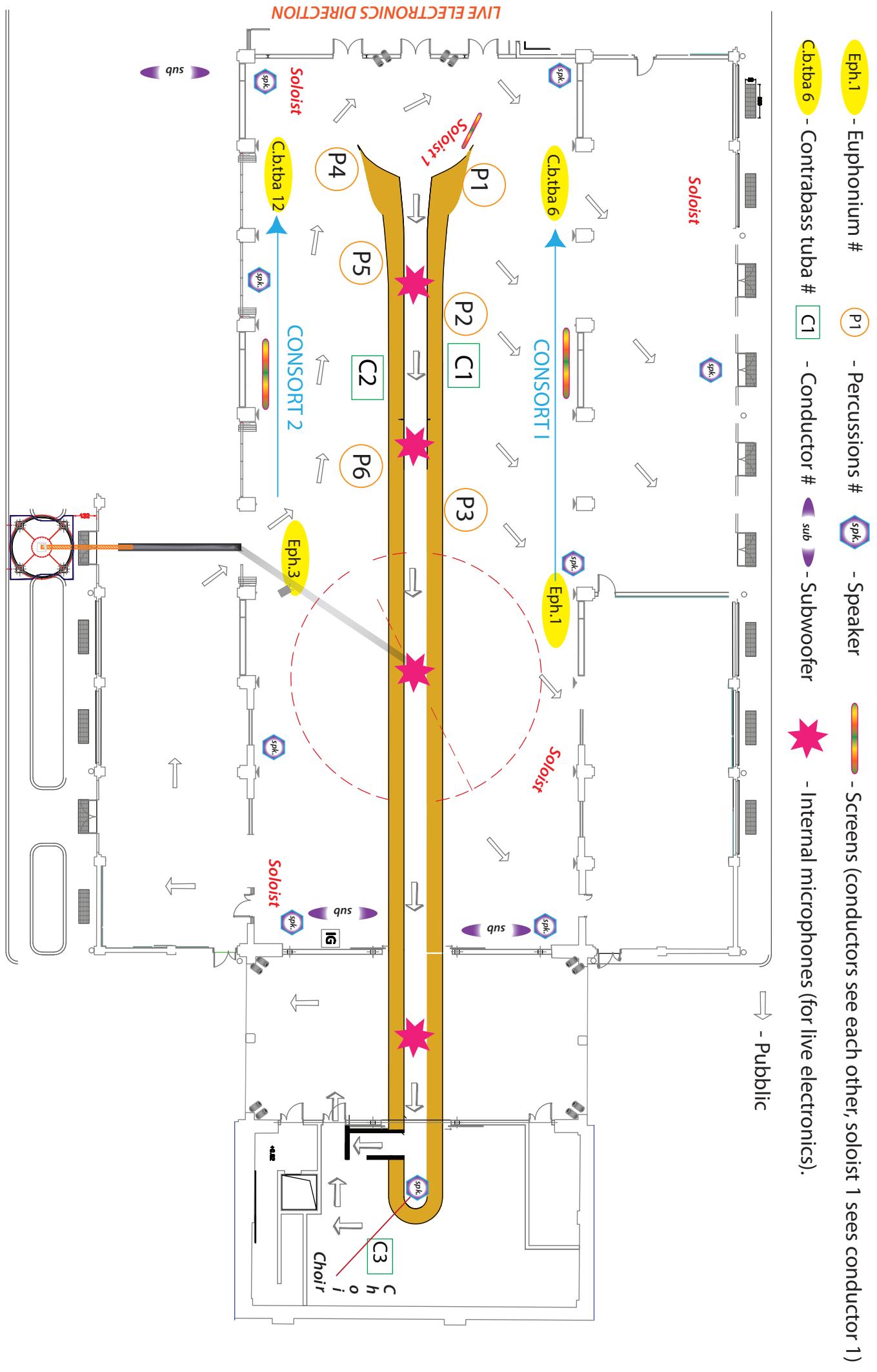
Choir :

- Soprano section
- Contra Alto section
- Tenor section
- Basso section

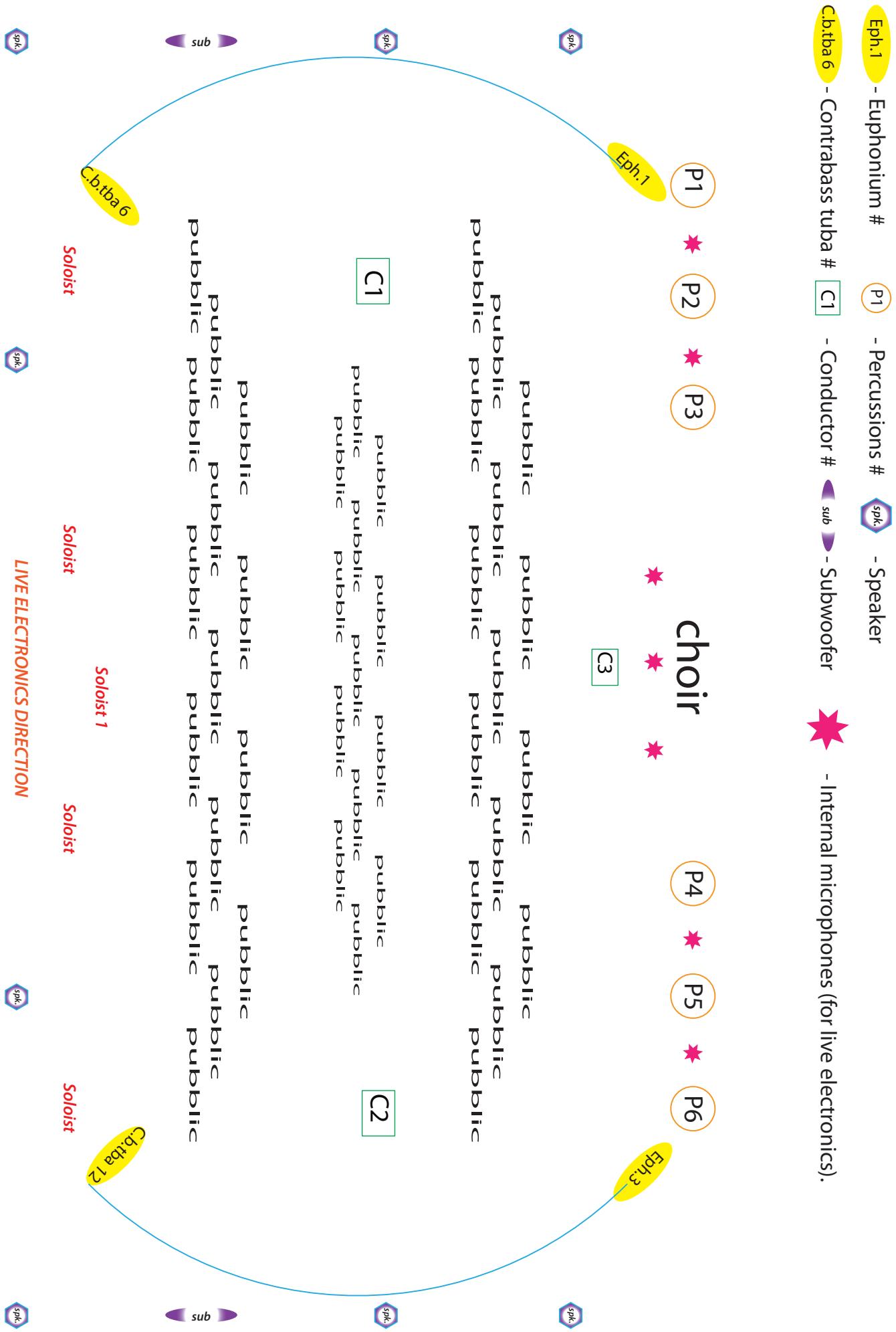
Live electronics performed through

- 8 -12 speakers
- 2 subwoofers.

Garon premiere : site specific positioning



Garon II possible positioning : open space



Garon III possible positioning : stage

Eph.1	- Euphonium #
P1	- Percussions #
spk.	- Speaker

C.b.tba 6 - Contrabass tuba # C1 - Conductor #  sub - Subwoofer

P1 - Percussions # spk. - Speaker

- Internal microphones (for live electronics).

P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6

Eph.3

301031

151

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INFORMATION SCIENCE

A small blue hexagonal icon containing the letters "spk." in white.

S T A G E

C.b.tba 6

 spk.

2

C.b.tba 12

public public public public public public public public

1

Publicis LIVE ELECTRONICS DIRECTION Publicis

pubblic

Pubblici pubblici pubblici pubblici pubblici pubblici pubblici pubblici

pubblic

public public public public public public public public

pubblic

The logo consists of the lowercase letters "spk." written vertically in white, sans-serif font inside a hexagonal frame. The hexagon has a thin blue border and a light purple background.

The logo consists of the letters "SPK." in a stylized font, enclosed within a hexagonal border that has a purple-to-white gradient.

A small blue hexagonal icon containing the letters "spk." in white.

 spk.

GARON / Yuval Avital Leggenda pp.1

Tuba :



- Più grave possibile. / Lowest possible.



- Suono di aria (imitare vento). / Air sound (imitate wind).

cuvre

- Suono metalico forte, si ottiene più facilmente usando le posizioni dell'ottava bassa. / Strong metalic sound, more easy to produce with lower octave positions.

Ocircular

- Respirazione circolare (soltanto solisti). / Circular breathing (soloists only).



- Sfregare il filo di naylon (1 mm. con pece da contrabbasso) sul bordo della campana. (arco a monocorda) / Rub a nylon fishing string (1 mm. with contrabass raison) on the bell's border (monochord bow)



- Colpo sul bochino, tappandolo con la mano (slap). / Hit the mouthpiece, blocking it (slap).



- Variare liberamente dal soffio a pianissimo e viceversa fino alla fine della nota o della linea. / transition between air sound and pianissimo (passing through half sound) freely until end of note or line.



- pronunciare la consonante indicata dentro il bocchino. / Pronounce indicated consonant inside the mouthpiece.



- pronunciare le vocali scritte mentre si suona. / pronounce vocal while playing.



- Vibrato veloce. / Fast vibrato.



- 1/4 di tono bemol (nota scritta calante). / 1/4 bemol.



- 1/4 di tono diesis (nota scritta crescente). / 1/4 dies.

microtonal wave ♯ ♭

- Alternare lentamente l'intonazione liberamente (+/- 1/4 tono). / Alternate freely intonation (+/- 1/4 tone).



- Ripetere la nota scritta con un ritmo irregolare liberamente (imitando il codice morse). / Repeat indicated note with an irregular rythm (imitating a morse code).

- Più acuto possibile. / Highest possible.



- Trillo sulla nota più bassa possibile. / Trill on lowest note possible.

1/2 valvola

- Suonare a metà valvola sino a nuova indicazione (es. nat.). / Play with half a piston until new indications.

Flz.

- Flatterzunge, suono frulatto. / Flatterzunge.

nat.

- Tornare a suono naturale. / Back to natural sound.

sim...

- Continuare l'effetto precedente fino a nuova indicazione. / Maintain previous effect until new indication.



- Glissando verso l'acuto alla fine della durata della nota (non definito). / Glissando towards high at the end of the duration of the note.



- Multifonici (soltanto solisti). / Multiphonics (soloists only).



- Glissando di armonici ad. lib. variare estensione. / Glissando of harmonics ad. lib. in various extensions.



- "Beatbox" suoni percussivi tipo slap in due altezze (soltanto solisti). / "Beatbox" perccusive sounds, like slaps in two hights (soloists only).



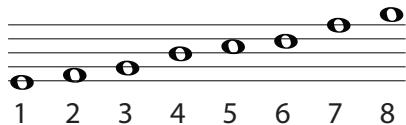
* tutti i trilli devono essere più veloci possibile, non misurati. / All trills should be played as fast as possible, Unmeasured.



** Far sentire i cambi di nota con legatura di valore con leggere inflessioni dinamiche. / Make audible identical note changes when connected with ties, with a light dinamic emphasize.

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Percussioni / Percussions :



1-3 : Tam- tam (1-centro, 2-metà, 3-bordo). / *Tam-tam (1-center, 2 - half, 3 - border).*

4-6 : Piatti di 3 vari dimensioni organizzati secondo altezza. /
Cymbals in 3 different dimensions organized by height.

7-8 : Due suoni diversi suonati su una struttura di semi vuota di acciaio (tubo irregolare ad esempio) /
Two different sounds played on a half empty iron structure (irregular tube for example).

Chain on cymbals



- Catena sui piatti (suono continuo). / *Chain on cymbals (continuos sound).*

Bow on cymbals



- Arco (+ pece) sui piatti (suono continuo). /
Bow (+raisen) on cymbals (continuos sound).

superball on tams



- Sfregare il tam-tam, evocando suoni armonici (suono continuo). /
Rub the Tam-tams, creating harmonic sounds continuos sound).

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , frullando e grattando

- Play the (iron) structure freely , with frullati & light scraching Sounds.

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , frullando e grattando meno mosso

- Same but less vivid.

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , rarefatto

- Play freely the structure, but rarefied (the total playing should not be dense).

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , più mosso - Play freely the structure, more vivid (here also means more full).

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , ancora più mosso

- Play freely the structure, even more vivid (here also means even more full).

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. sempre più mosso

- Play freely the structure, augmenting constantly the intensity.

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , frenetico

- Play freely the structure, in a frenetic way.

Suonare la struttura ad. lib. , meno mosso

- Play freely the structure, less vivid (or full).

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Coro / Choir:

5 - 20 Soprano.

3 - 10 Contra Alto.

3 - 10 Tenore.

4 - 15 Basso.



- Nota più grave possibile. / Lowest possible note.

Suono di vento lento, usare: F, SH, S, H

- Wind sound slow, sue F, SH, S, H.

- Ripetere alto in falsetto : LULULULULU (simile ad escamazioni vocali festive di alcuni culure). / Repeat high in falsetto : LULULULULU (similar to festive vocal exclamations of variuos cultures).

- "Libretto"

Sussurrare lento in non lingua

- Whisper slowly in a non existing language (could be pseudo language).

1/2 fischio, modulare altezze

- 1/2 whistle, modulate hights (non defined).

Suono di mare

- Sea sound imitation.

*Note lunghe più grave possibile,
a volte con molto vibrato, ogni tanto acciaccature dall'alto*

- Long notes lowest possible, sometimes decorate with accicatura from above.

*Alternare vocali lentamente con note lunghe in altezza indefinita (alta)
a volte con molto vibrato, ogni tanto acciaccature dal basso*

- Alternate vocals on notes in an undifined pitch (high) sometimes decorate with acciccatura from below.

*Alternare soffio con note lunghe in altezza indefinita (medio bassa)
a volte con molto vibrato, ogni tanto acciaccature dall'alto*

- Alternate breathing (audible) withLong notes in mid-low range sometimes decorate with acciccatura from above.

*provare a imitare le altre cantanti della sezione con una nota vicina ma diversa,
alternare senza vibrato e con molto vibrato*

- Try imitating the other singers of the section with close but different notes, alternating with a lot of vibratto or without.

*alternare note lunghe pulite e note decorate
con trilli e vibrati intensi intorno a SI 3 in altezze non definite*

- Alternate long clean notes and decorated notes with trills and intense vibrato around B3, in an undefined pitch.

note acutissime in falsetto, vibrare più presto possibile; a volte silenzio, a volte bocca chiusa

- Highest notes in falsetto, fasttest possible vibrato, sometimes quiet, sometimes with a closed mouth.

respiri - Breath (audible).

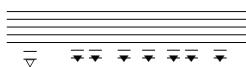
*canto dolce intorno le note scritte (+/- 1 e 3/4 tono),
alternare vocali e parole inventate, a volte molto decorato, a volte fermo*

- sweet singing around the written notes (max. +/- 1 & 3/4 tones), alternate vocals & invented words, sometimes very decorated, sometimes still.

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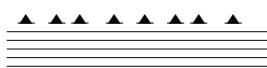
Coro (2) / Choir (2) :

codice morse



- Ripetere una nota molto grave con un ritmo irregolare liberamente (imitando il codice Morse).
/ Repeat a very low note with an irregular rhythm (imitating a Morse code).

codice morse



- Ripetere una nota molto acuta con un ritmo irregolare liberamente (imitando il codice Morse).
/ Repeat a very high note with an irregular rhythm (imitating a Morse code).

Live electronics :

Live electronics samples the percussions & the choir constantly with 5 - 8 microphones, and perform according written indications in the score with 8 - 12 circular speakers system + 2 subwoofers.

Categories of manipulation :

1. Granulation : **Grain (x,y)**

x stands for density : -- very empty till ++ almost 90%.

y stands for grain length : **S** means small (40+ milliseconds); **M** means medium; **L** means long.

2. Spatialization : **Spaz. (x)**

grain Granular; **clock** or **anti clock** - for movement clockwise or counter clockwise;

Move for slow movement like a wave; **Rand** for random (fast) alternation.

3. Transposition : **Trans = poly x** or **Trans ≠ poly x**

Octave transposition to lowest octaves; = stands for exact octave; ≠ stands for detuned octaves.

poly indicates the amount of cases of transposition.

4. Reverb : **Reverb (x)**

Three cases of colored reverb, obtained through manipulative convolution :

White - extremely bright (as if in a room made of ice).

Iron - extremely iron (as if in a long narrow tube).

black - extremely dark (as if in a huge wet cave).

5. Delay: **Delay(x)**

Two cases of complex delay :

Drum - rhythmic pattern delay.

Choir - overlap of delays & feedbacks to create clusters.

6. Spectral operations : **Spect. (x)**

Two cases of Spectral operations :

Freeze - Freezing a spectral photograph.

Choir - freely performing with the spectral components, to obtain harmonic "polyphonies".

GARON

Mass sonic composition for 2 tuba consorts (20-40 elements),
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Score

24

Ekt.

C.B.Tba.S. 1

p

C.B.Tba.S. 2

p

C.B.Tba.S. 3

I. Euph. 1 *1/2 valvoda*

mp

ffff

I Euph. 2 *s*

ffff

I B.Tba 1 *fz*

flz.

mp

I B.Tba 2 *f*

flz.

mp

I.C.B.Tba. 1

I.C.B.Tba. 2

I.C.B.Tba. 3

I.C.B.Tba. 4

I.C.B.Tba. 5

I.C.B.Tba. 6

A.Perc. 1 *f*

p

f

A.Perc. 2 *f*

f

A.Perc. 3 *mp*

C.B.Tba.S. 4

C.B.Tba.S. 5

ffff

II.Euph. 3 *1/2 valvoda*

mp

II.Euph. 4 *ffff*

II.B.Tba 3 *1/2 valvoda*

mp

II.B.Tba 4

II.C.B.Tba. 7

II.C.B.Tba. 8

II.C.B.Tba. 9

II.C.B.Tba. 10

II.C.B.Tba. 11

II.C.B.Tba. 12

B.Perc. 4 *f*

f

B.Perc. 5 *f*

p

B.Perc. 6 *mp*

S

CArt.

T

B

B Più mosso : BAR = 12" (tempo = 35)

30

SPAZ. Clock: TRAS. ↓ #. Poly 2: SPAZ. Gran: DELAY.Drum

Elct.

cuvre cuivre cuivre cuivre

C.B.Tba.S.1 ff cuivre ff pp ff cuivre ff

C.B.Tba.S.2 ff cuivre ff pp ff cuivre ff

C.B.Tba.S.3 ff cuivre ff pp ff cuivre ff

I.Euph.1 p=ff cuivre pp ff mp

I.Euph.2 cuivre pp ff mp

I.B.Tba1 cuivre pp ff 1/2 valvola

I.B.Tba2 p=ff cuivre pp ff mp

I.C.B.Tba.1 cuivre pp ff 1/2 valvola

I.C.B.Tba.2 p=ff cuivre pp ff mp

I.C.B.Tba.3 cuivre pp ff 1/2 valvola

I.C.B.Tba.4 cuivre pp ff mp

I.C.B.Tba.5 cuivre pp ff mp

I.C.B.Tba.6 cuivre pp ff mp

A.Perc.1 mp Chain on cymbals ff mp p pp

A.Perc.2 mp p f mp p pp

A.Perc.3 mp p f mp p pp

cuvre cuivre cuivre

C.B.Tba.S.4 ff cuivre ff pp ff cuivre cuivre

C.B.Tba.S.5 ff cuivre ff pp ff cuivre ff

II.Euph.3 ff cuivre pp ff f p

II.Euph.4 cuivre pp ff

II.B.Tba3 cuivre pp ff 1/2 valvola

II.B.Tba4 cuivre pp ff mp

II.C.B.Tba.7 cuivre pp ff

II.C.B.Tba.8 cuivre pp ff

II.C.B.Tba.9 cuivre pp ff

II.C.B.Tba.10 cuivre pp ff

II.C.B.Tba.11 cuivre pp ff

II.C.B.Tba.12 cuivre pp ff

B.Perc.4 mp ff

B.Perc.5 mp Row on tam-tam sim.

B.Perc.6 mp ff

S 1/2 fischia, modulare altezza

C.Alt. 1/2 fischia, modulare altezza

T 1/2 fischia, modulare altezza

B 1/2 fischia, modulare altezza

52

Elect.

C.B.Tba.S.1 *cavire*

C.B.Tba.S.2 *cavire* *fff*

C.B.Tba.S.3 *fff*

I. Euph. 1

I. Euph. 2

I.B.Tba 1 *mp*

I.B.Tba 2 *mp*

I.C.B.Tba. 1

I.C.B.Tba. 2 *mp*

I.C.B.Tba. 3

I.C.B.Tba. 4 *mp*

I.C.B.Tba. 5

I.C.B.Tba. 6 *mp*

A.Perc. 1

A.Perc. 2 *p* *mp* *f*

A.Perc. 3

C.B.Tba.S.4 *cavire*

C.B.Tba.S.5 *fff*

II.Euph. 3

II.Euph. 4

II.B.Tba 3

II.B.Tba 4 *mp*

II.C.B.Tba. 7

II.C.B.Tba. 8

II.C.B.Tba. 9

II.C.B.Tba. 10 *mp*

II.C.B.Tba. 11 *mp*

II.C.B.Tba. 12

B.Perc. 4

B.Perc. 5

B.Perc. 6 *f*

S

CAlt. *LUL decoration*

T

B

suono di mare

suono di mare

56

Elect.

C.B.Tba.S.1 *cavire* ff

C.B.Tba.S.2 *cavire* ff

C.B.Tba.S.3

I. Euph. 1

I. Euph. 2

I.B.Tba 1

I.B.Tba 2

I. C.B.Tba. 1

I. C.B.Tba. 2

I. C.B.Tba. 3

I. C.B.Tba. 4

I. C.B.Tba. 5

I. C.B.Tba. 6

A.Perc. 1 mp

A. Perc. 2

A. Perc. 3

C.B.Tba.S.4 *cavire* ff

C.B.Tba.S.5 *cavire* ff

II.Euph. 3

II.Euph. 4

II.B.Tba 3

II.B.Tba 4

II. C.B.Tba. 7

II. C.B.Tba. 8

II. C.B.Tba. 9

II. C.B.Tba. 10

II. C.B.Tba. 11

II. C.B.Tba. 12

B.Perc. 4 mf mp

B.Perc. 5

B.Perc. 6 mf

S

CAlt.

T

B

